NUMB. 57.

THE South-Carolina Gazette.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From Saturday, FEBRUARY 22, to Saturday, MARCH 1. 1734-5.

Hague, November 5.

AT laſt the Magiſtrates of Dantzick have had the Honour to proſtrate themſelves at the Empreſs of Ruſſia's Feet, by their Deputies, who made her Imperial Majeſty a Speech, Half Mild, Half Stale; that is to ſay, Part Cringing, Part Creeping, upon that Occaſion. But as the Italians ſay, è *pure la dura cauſa l'aver da litigare contra de i Potenti*, it is a hard Caſe to have to deal with People in Power; and therefore that poor Town ſubmits, and complies with all Demands. The Subſtance of the Speech was this.

Moſt Potent Princeſs,

'WE are come, Faithful and Submiſſive to your Imperial Majeſty of all the Ruſſias, to preſent ourſelves before you, on the Part of the Magiſtrates of Dantzick, who have ſent us to make the Submiſſion to your Imperial Majeſty, which they neglected, being miſled by the dangerous Miſtakes on Occaſion whereof our Town has experienced, in ſo ſenſible a manner, your Imperial Majeſty's juſt Reſentment. Faithful and Submiſſive to your Imperial Majeſty, we ask nothing, we deſire nothing more, than that the Town of Dantzick may again enjoy the ſame Goodneſs, and the ſame Favour as your Imperial Majeſty formerly ſhewed them; that in purſuance of what you have been pleaſed to promiſe them, their ancient Priviledges may not only be confirmed, but alſo that in Return for the profound Veneration which the Town of Dantzick will always pay your Imperial Majeſty, and in Conſideration of the Bombardment they have undergone, your Majeſty will be pleaſed to leſſen in ſome Degree the Sums of Indemnification impoſed upon the ſaid Town for their Puniſhment; and farther, that your Imperial Majeſty will prevail with the King of Poland, Auguſtus III. to withdraw his Garriſon out of the Fort of Wechſelmunde.

Let Poſterity know the Crime of that Unfortunate Town! Sovereigns within themſelves, they are allied to, and under the Protection of Poland: By virtue of a Convention concluded and agreed to between them and the Republick, they are to acknowledge, and pay a ſort of Homage, and take an Oath of Fidelity to the King elected, whoſe Election and Proclamation are notified to them by the Primate of the Kingdom. Dantzick was faithful to the Engagements: They would not abandon and betray the Prince they had recognized; and becauſe they did their Duty, for which they ought to have been commended, they are beſieged and bombarded, and obliged to go to the Foot of a Foreign Throne to make the *Amende honourable*, to expiate their Crime. Theſe are the Facts, let every one make his own Reflections: Mine would be too much in the *Gout* of Truth and Equity, to pleaſe every body.

You muſt have heard the Cauſe of the Count de Bonneval's Diſgrace what rendered him deſperate, and occaſioned his Flight to Turky. He undertook at Bruſſels the Defence of the Queen of Spain, Conſort to King Lewis I. who had been talk'd, of in a very impertinent manner, to ſay no worſe of it, at the Marchioneſs de Prie's and her Daughter's. A Turn was given to the Story: That General was blackened to his Friend Prince Eugene; and in order to diveſt him from his Highneſs's Protection, he is imbroiled with him by Tales carried and improved on both Sides. After this, Juſtice was doubtleſs

doubtleſs as deaf to him, as ſhe was blind: In ſhort, he was treated like a State-Criminal, till at length he found an Opportunity to revenge himſelf. Was he not in the right? No: for he could not be revenged upon thoſe who were the Cauſe of his Misfortune: The Emperor never heard the Truth of his Caſe: That equitable Prince was prejudiced. Was that his Fault?

The Court of France has at laſt anſwered the new Inſtance of the Powers Mediators to have an Anſwer leſs Equivocal than the former: But the ſaid Court have only made their Themes in two different Forms, and repeated in other Words what they had ſaid ten Times over. What is the Conſequence? War in the Spring if England and Holland, in League with the Powers of the North, do not ſpeak in another Strain.

Paris, Lovember 13. By Letters from our Army in Italy, of the 1ſt Inſt. we hear, that on the 29th *ult.* the Imperialiſts left their Camp at Rodiga, to advance towards Gazoldo, where they had fixed their Head Quarters; that their Right, where they have poſted their Cavalry, extended towards Piubega; their Leſt where their Foot now is, was at Rodoldeſco; that their Body of Huſſars was encamped on the Rear at San Geneſco, and their Cannon and Pontoons were at Gioto. According to the ſame Letters, the Army of the Allies was as yet cantoned in the ſame Villages they had been in about a Fortnight.

Other Letters from Lombardy, of the ſame Date, inſinuate as if the Campagne were really at an End on that Side, that Rains having fallen ſo heavily, that the Troops of both Armies had enough to do to keep themſelves dry. All our Officers of Note, who were ſhot or ſabred in the Battle of Guaſtalla, are recovered, except the Marquiſſes de Pezé and de Lanion; and they are judged to be out of Danger.

Letters from Strasburg confirm the March of the Marſhal de Noailles and the Count de Belleiſle, to diſlodge the Germans from Worms and Heidelberg: But it is generally believed, they will bruſh off before our Troops arrive.

They write from Spain, that the King has reſolved to ſend 15,000 Men to Italy, beſides the 10,000 that are going to join the Army in Lombardy; being determined to have always 35,000 Men in Naples and Sicily, which he judges ſufficient to withſtand all the Enemies Efforts.

London, Nov. 7. We hear that his Majeſty has been pleaſed to give Directions to the Right Hon. the Lords Commiſſioners for Trade and Plantations, to prepare a Draught of a Charter for eſtabliſhing a Civil Government and Courts of Judicature at Gibraltar, where there is to be a Mayor, 12 Aldermen, 24 Common-Council Men, and in a few Days the ſame is to be laid before his Majeſty in Council.

His Majeſty has been pleaſed to promote the Right Rev. Dr. Charles Cecil, Lord Biſhop of Briſtoll to the Biſhoprick of Bangor, in the room of the Right Rev. Dr. Thomas Sherlock, promoted to the Biſhoprick of Salisbury.

New-Port, Rhode-Iſland, Jannary 22.

This Day arrived here Capt. *Ephraim Higgins*, in 43 Days from the *Bay*, who informs us, That on or about the 28th of *September* laſt, he was there taken by three Spaniſh Pettiaugers; Three Days after which, Capt. *Richard Durfey* of *Rhode-Iſland*, Commander of the Ship Papillion, coming down into the ſaid Bay, retook the Informant's Veſſel and carried her into the Bay; but the ſaid Pettiaugers made their Eſcape. About Ten Days after a Spaniſh Privateer, with One Hundred and Twenty Men and well fitted, with Two Pettiaugers, beſides Two Sloops they had taken and fitted for their Uſe came into ſaid Bay, and fired at the Engliſh Veſſels; upon which Capt. *Durfey* in Company with Capt. *Pope* in another Ship, weighed Anchor and gave them chaſe; and after about Two Hours ſail Capt. *Durfey* came up with them; and in the firſt Place he demanded of ſaid Privateer who he was, and his Buſineſs there? who anſwered, he was a Subject to the King of *Spain*, and about his Maſters Buſineſs: Then Capt. *Durfey* told him, that he had taken Two Engliſh Veſſels, which he inſiſted he ſhould deliver up and then go about his Buſineſs, or elſe he ſhould ſink him: Upon which the Privateer hoiſted his Flag at his Maſt Head, and bid him ſink on; Whereupon Capt. *Durfey* gave him a broad-ſide, and after a cloſe and warm Engagement for ſome Time, the Privateer and the other Two Sloops ſtruck, before the other Ship came up, ſhe being a heavy Sailor; but the Two Pettiaugers made their Eſcape. The ſaid Capt. *Durfey* reſtored the Prizes to their proper Commanders, one being Capt. *Edmunds* of *Boſton*, the other a Bay-Man; and had ſaid Spaniards under his Command, uſed them well, only ſetting them on Work in helping to load the Fleet; and it is ſuppoſed

poſed when he ſails from the Bay with the Fleet, he will diſcharge them.

Veſſels in the Bay at the Time the Informant ſail'd, beſides the ſaid Capt. *Durfey* were Capt. *Lilly*, Capt. *Heffornard*, Capt. *Sheffield*, Capt. *Crump*, Capt. *Carr*, Capt. *Lewis*, Capt. *Stoddard*.

Boſton, Jan. 30. Yeſterday arrived Capt. *Cellins* in a Sloop from *Jamaica*, 38 Days paſſage, by whom we have Advice, That about 300 Soldiers were arrived at *Port Antonio* in that Iſland from *Gibraltar*, being ſent to join the Militia there, in order to purſue and ſuppreſs the Negroes who continue in Rebellion, which 'twas hop'd would ſoon be effected. — That a few days before they ſailed, a Man who was a good Liver in that Iſland, was way-laid and kill'd by the Negroes about 12 Miles off of *Kingſton*, having been ſhot at by them, they lodged 6 or 7 Bullets into his Body. — In the very cold Weather we had laſt Week, ſeveral of Capt. *Cellins*'s Men had the Joints of their Fingers and Toes frozen. Capt. *Underwood* of this Town, who was taken by the Spaniards in the *Bay of Honduras* about 13 months ago, having with much Difficulty got his Liberty, is come Paſſenger in this Sloop, and confirms the above News of Capt. *Durfey's* taking the Spaniſh Privateer, *&c.*

A LIST of WANTS.

From a Gentlemen in the *FLEET* Priſon to his Friend.

A TABLE, Chairs, and pair of Bellows,
Two Candleſticks, altho' not Fellows,
Some Books, ſome Paper, Pens, and Ink;
A P—ing Pot, and Pot for Drink,
Plates, Knives, and Diſhes, Spoons & Forks,
With a Machine to draw out Corks,
Glaſſes for Wine, & Wine for Glaſſes,
For Man, you know, no more than Graſs is,
Which not refreſh'd by Dews decays,
And Man kept dry, ſo ends his Days.
To roaſt my Meat, a ſtrong Pack Thread,
A Grid-Iron, & Feather-Bed.
Some Blankets, & a plain Scrutore,
With a Stock-Lock to keep my Door;
Not for my Caſh, but for my Papers,
And barring Duns, who give me Vapors.
For here they come, with ruful Mein,
To vent their own, and raiſe my Spleen.
Some Sheets, a Porrigé-Pot, & Settle,
A Coverlid, Tea-Pot, & Kettle.
A Powd'ring-Tub, Cloſe-Stool, & Ladle,
A Trap for Bugs, ſome call a Cradle.
Few Shirts, ſome Caps, a Gown, & Slippers,
A Hammer, Nails & Pair of Nippers.
O Muſe aſſiſt, for I invoke her,
That you may add the uſeful Poker.
Shovel & Razors, Waſh-Balls, Cauſ,
A Looking-Glaſs, & Wooden Bowls.
Send me theſe now, dear Jack, and then,
If aught's forgot, I'll ſend again.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, Charleſtown,

Entred inwards.

Brigt. Grace, Thomas Thompſon from Boſton.
Ship Carolina, Abraham Snelling from Boſton.

Entred out.

Sloop Hope, Jonathan Skrine for North-Carolina.
Schooner Neptune, Ebenezor Wyat for Providence.
Sloop Elizabeth & Sarah, Nath. Coverly for ditto.
Brigt. John & Elizabeth, Bernard Paul for Portugal.

Clear'd for Departure.

Sloop Lark, John Argent to Barbados.
—— William & Mary, Stephen Williams to Providence.
—— Catherine, James Crawford to ditto.
—— Endeavour, John Bennet to ditto.
—— Hope, Jonathan Skrine to North-Carolina.
Ship Mary Anne, Francis Walmſly to London.
—— Prince Eugene, Thomas Dimond to ditto.
Brigt. Roſe, Jonathan Rouſe to ditto.
Ship Speedwell James Colquhoun to Lizbon.
—— Elizabeth & Mary, Robert Thompſon to Figura & Oporto.
Snow Eagle, John Proberts to Boſton.
Snow Hannah, James Killpatrick to Oporto.
Brigt. Sarah, Edward Paul to Lizbon.

EXPORTED from this PLACE ſince *Nov.* 1, 1734.

Rice 27073 Barrels, & 1038 Baggs. Pitch 6992. Tar 2306. Turpentine 2219. Whereof 9776 Barrels of Rice, and 1006 Bags for FORRIGN MARKETS.

PRICES of the following GOODS.

Rice per Hund	61 s.	Middl. ——	4 l. 10 s.
Pitch per Barrel	45 s.	White ——	6 l.
Tar per Bar.	32 s. 6 d.	Milk Biſket ——	10 l.
Turpentine per C.	16 s. 3 d.	Ship Bread ——	3 l. 10 s.
Indian Corn per B.	15 s.	Salt per Buſhel	10 s.
Skins per Pound	19 s.	Wine per Pipe	80 l.
Staves no Demand.		Barbad. Rum per Hogſh.	15 s.
Flower per Hund	3 l.	Melaſſes per Hogſh.	10 s.
Brown Bread	3 l. 10 s.		

Advertiſements.

HIS EXCELLENCY the Governor wants an Overſeer for his Plantation at *Silk-hope*. Any Perſon wanting ſuch an Employ and can be well Recommended, may treat with him.

To be Sold

A Choice Piece of Land, containing Fifty Acres, ſcituate within a Mile of *Dorcheſter*: Whoever is inclin'd to purchaſe the ſame, may treat with THOMAS WAY near *Dorcheſter*.

Run away from JOHN WHITFIELD of *Charleſtown*, a ſett thick Negro-Wench, known by the Name of *Moll*, formerly belonging to Capt. *Maſſey*, having the marks of a Ring-worm or ſome other diſtemper cured on her left Arm. Whoever brings her to me ſhall have 3 l. reward and other reaſonable Charges paid by

JOHN WHITFIELD.

To be Sold

BY *Peter Birot*, very good Clairet at 6 l. *per* Dozen, Cinnamon Water and other fine Liquors at a reaſonable rate. Any Captain or Maſters of Veſſels having Casks to be mended and will ſend them to his Shop at Elliot's Bridge, ſhall have the Water to fill them gratis. And any perſon that will bring to him his Run-away Negro named *Cato*, (who is eaſily known by one of his Ears ſlit) ſhall have 5 l. reward paid by PETER BIROT.

John Stevenſon Painter and Glaſer kindly intreats all Perſons that are juſtly indebted to him, to pay off their reſpective Debts; for he deſigns to depart this Province ſhortly for the better recovery of his health.

This is to give notice that *Samuel Holmes* Bricklayer and Plaiſterer, undertakes all manner of Buſineſs, belonging to the Trade aforeſaid, and performs the ſame, (God willing) in workmanlike manner and with Expedition.